Duplication of Benefits

The Federal Emergency Management Agency has adopted a policy that prohibits duplication of benefits in the Hazard Mitigation Assistance Program that includes Flood Mitigation Assistance grants. The policy was developed in response to federal regulations that dictate the use of the primary funds used to mitigate property. The Federal Emergency Agency (FEMA) provides the following specific instructions in the Hazard Mitigation Assistance Program Guidelines for mitigation projects.

In the administration of Flood Mitigation Assistance Program (FMA) grants, FEMA and the grantee should avoid any duplication of benefits with other forms of assistance. FEMA's policy on duplication of benefits for individuals and families is mandated by Section 312 of the Stafford Act and is set forth in 44 CFR 206.191. This Section of the FEMA regulations delineates a delivery sequence establishing the order in which the disaster relief agencies and organizations provide assistance to individuals and families. Programs listed later in the sequence are responsible for ensuring that they do not duplicate assistance which should be provided by a program listed earlier on the list (the program with primary responsibility).

In the case of flood-damaged property programs (Section 1362, Section 404, etc.), they are not listed in the delivery sequence, and therefore are positioned after the eight listed programs. This means that all eight programs listed in the sequence at 44 CFR 206.191 (d) are "primary programs" in relation to mitigation grant programs. The Flood Mitigation Assistance program is required to ensure that it does not duplicate assistance which should be provided by any of the eight primary assistance programs.

Certification of Funds Used

Receipt of or pending receipt of the following benefit amounts must be disclosed to the State of Florida

 SBA Loans - A property owner who has an SBA loan on the property will either be required to repay the loan to SBA, or roll it over to a new pro- closing. Yes No 	0 1
2. Flood Insurance for Structure Repairs - That portion of a flood insurar that a property owner has received or is eligible to receive intended to co repairs to the property being acquired will be deducted from the purchase property being acquired. If flood insurance funds have been reinvested the property, this amount will not be deducted. Proof of reinvestment car through receipts for materials and/or labor, or through on-site verification reinvested is \$	e price of the into repairs to he supplied

payment from a flood event may be use requirements so long as the claim is ma ICC payments can only be used for cost	NFIP Increased Cost of Compliance (ICC) claim ed to contribute to the non-Federal cost-share ade within the timelines allowed by the NFIP. ets that are eligible for ICC benefits; for example, but can pay for structure demolition or
if the ICC payment exceeds the require	annot be provided where ICC funds are available of non-Federal share, the Federal funding award en the cost of the activity and the ICC payment.
If so, how much ICC funds have you re Do you plan on receiving ICC payment' If so, how much ICC funds do you plan	?
portion of an IFG grant that a property of intended to cover structural repairs to the the purchase price of the property. Additional Temporary Housing Assistance Program primary residences to habitable and safe price of the property. If the funds have	Emergency Minimal Repair Grant (EMR) - That owner has received or is eligible to receive he property being acquired will be deducted from ditionally, grants received from FEMA as part of m to quickly repair or restore owner-occupied fe condition will be deducted from the purchase been reinvested into repairs to the property, this reinvestment can be supplied through receipts n-site verification. Amount received:
owner will not be deducted if the proper expenses. These can include: transien being elevated or relocated; combining home repairs; minor home repairs made	caster Housing money received by the property rty owner has used the grant for housing related t accommodations while an existing home is it with other funds to make more substantial e to make a home more livable prior to a buyout ase of a new home; moving expenses; closing t received:
Owner Name:	Property Address:
Individual and Family Grant, Emergency	ood Insurance for Structure Repairs, FEMA y Minimal Repair Grant (EMR) and FEMA re have been accurately reported and that the ntified above have been fully disclosed.
Signed	Signed
Date	